

(a)11

(b) 9

(c) 10

(d)13

COUNTING THE FIGURES

EXERCISE 18B

For CHSL Exam

1. How many triangles are present in the following figure? 5. How many squares are present in the following figure? \square SSC CHSL 10/7/2019 (Shift-3) (a)12 (b) 14 (c) 18 (d)16 6. How many squares are present in the following figure? SSC CHSL 11/7/2019 (Shift-1) (a)14 (b) 15 (c)16 (d)13 2. How many squares are present in the following figure? SSC CHSL 10/7/2019 (Shift-2) (a)16 (b) 10 (c) 15 (d)12 7. How many triangles are present in the following figure? SSC CHSL 11/7/2019 (Shift-3) (a)17 (b) 19 (c) 23 (d)21 How many triangles are present in the following figure? З. SSC CHSL 10/7/2019 (Shift-1) (a)7 (b) 9 (c) 8 (d)11 8. How many triangles are present in the following figure? SSC CHSL 9/7/2019 (Shift-3) SSC CHSL 11/7/2019 (Shift-2) (a)10(b)9 (c) 12 (d)13 (a)14 (b) 16 (c) 13 (d)11 9. How many triangles are present in the following figure? How many triangles are present in the following figure? 4. SSC CHSL 9/7/2019 (Shift-2) SSC CHSL 11/7/2019 (Shift-1) (a)8 (b)7 (c) 10(d)5

2 ■ SSC Reasoning





7.

8.

9.

11.



Triangles are – ABF, AFE, ABE, FED, BFD, BCG, CGD, BCD, $BDE \equiv 9$.



Triangles are – ABG, AGF, ABF, BCH, BHF, BCF, CEF, CID, DIE, CDE = 10.



Triangles are –DIE, DIH, DEH, DAC, BCA, BGJ, BFJ, BGF



In ABCD, triangles = $8 \times 2 = 16$ and GKF, GKH, GHF, HKJ, HIJ, HKI, HFE, HDE, HFD = 9Total triangles = 16 + 9 = 25







Then, $\Delta = 2 \times 3 = 6$ i.e. Base line $\times 3$ In Δ FGE, Base line = 2 $\Rightarrow \Delta = 2 \times 3 = 6$ In Δ ABC, Base line = 3 $\Rightarrow \Delta = 3 \times 3 = 9$ In Δ DAG, Base line = 5 $\Delta = 5 \times 3 = 15$ Total $\Delta = 6 + 9 + 15 = 30$

12.



In \triangle AGF, $\triangle = 12 (= 4 \times 3)$ In \triangle GBA, $\triangle = 9 (= 3 \times 3)$ Also, BCJ, HGB, GDI = 3 Total Triangles = 12 + 9 + 3 = 24





In \triangle DBC, $\triangle = 3 \times 3 = 9$ Also, triangles are, In AEDD, = $4 \times 2 = 8$ In EEHD = $4 \times 2 = 8$ and ADF, EFH, DFG, BCE, FHG = 5 \therefore Total Triangles = 9 + 8 + 8 + 5 = 30



6 ■ SSC Reasoning





SOLUTION



Triangles are AGK, AKJ, AGJ, ALH, ALI, AHI, HLD, ILD, HDI, AHD, AIE, BGH, HCD, JFI, IED = 15



A

1.



In BCD, $\Delta = 3 \times 3 = 9$ In ACB, $\Delta = 3 \times 3 = 9$ Total $\Delta = 18$





In ABGF, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ In BCDG, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ and FDB, AGC, BHC, FGE, DGE, FED, FBE, DBE = 8 Total Triangles = 8 + 8 + 8 = 24

4.

5.



In FGDE, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ In GBCD, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ and AGH, AHB, AGB, FDB, EGC = 5 Total Triangles = 8 + 8 + 5 = 21



In AHCB, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ In HGDC, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ In GFED, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ and BHD, CGE, ACG, HDF = 4 Total Triangles = 8 + 8 + 8 + 4 = 286. B С Δ E G In ABEF, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ In BCDE, $\Delta = 4 \times 2 = 8$ and FBD, EEC, FGD = 3Total Triangles = 8 + 8 + 3 = 197. \rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10 3 2 З \rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10 4 $\rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10$ 2 3 Total triangles = 10 + 10 + 10 = 308. G Κ С D In AHNB, ABH, NHB, NHI, NIM, NIB, BIM = 6 Similarly, HGFN, FEDN, DCBN = 6 + 6 + 6 and BHD, FHD, BHI, BDF, BIL, JFK, NIL, NJK = 8 Total triangles = 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 8 = 329. R S Κ Н G Triangles are - KRS, KRQ, KCD, KCB, KON, KOP, KHG, KHI, KQS, KBD, KPN, KIG, KLB, KLI, KMD, KMG, KLI, KGD, BID, GID, BDG, BIG, ILJ, IBA, DME, DGF, IKJ, DKE, IDF, IDA = 30 10. BCD



In ABML, Δ = 4 × 2 = 8 In NFGH, Δ = 4 × 2 = 8 and LQK, KQJ, LKJ, LMJ, DOE, FOE, DEF, DNF, BIC, DIC, BID, JBI, IDH, BLJ, DFH = 15 Total Triangles = 8 + 8 + 15 = 31

11.

A B C I L D H G F

Triangles are ABJ, JBL, JLI, JIA, ABL, AIL, ABI, LBI, BCK, CKD, BCD, BLD, IHM, HMG, IHG, LIG, LOD, GOF, LNO, NOG, LOG, DOE, EOF, DOF, GFD, GLD, DLF, GLF, BIG, BDG, BID, IGD = 32

12.

13.



Triangles are – AIH, AIB, HTJ, BIJ, AHJ, ABJ, AHB, JHB, GHI, BCI, GIJ, CIJ, IFJ, IDJ, FJE, DJE, FIE, DIE, IFD, EFD, GJF, CID = 22



Triangles are – AIJ, HIJ, HJD, DJC, CJB, BJA, AJH, BJD, BHD, BAD, AHD, ABH, HLK, KLD, LHG, GLF, FLE, DLE, GDE, GDH, GLE, HLD, HGE, HDE, JGE, BGD, JGD, HJE, AHE = 29

14.

15.



Single numbered triangles = 10 and AIG, CJE, AGB, CFE, GAF, CBE, GBE, AFC Total triangles = 10 + 8 = 18



Total triangles = 6 + 6 + 3 = 15



16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

Similarly, In AOB, BOC, COD = 6 + 6 + 6and ADB, CDB, FIG, HIG, ACB, ACD, FHG, FHI = 8 \therefore Total triangles = 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 8 = 32



Triangles are – ABH, BHF, BFD, BDC, HFG, DFE, FBG, FBE, BAF, BCF, AFC = 11



In BDFN, $\Box \rightarrow 5$ Similarly, In LJHN, $\Box \rightarrow 5$ and NFGH, ABNL, BLHF, ADGJ \therefore Total squares = 5 + 5 + 4 = 14



In this type of figure count single triangle and multiply by 2, i.e. 8 \times 2 = 16



Triangles are – ABL, AKL, KJM, MIH, NHG, FNG, DEF, CDB, ANE, ANI, CLG, JLG, AEI, GCJ = 14



Small squares \rightarrow 8 and ABIH, BCDI, IDEF, HIGP, ACEG = 13